

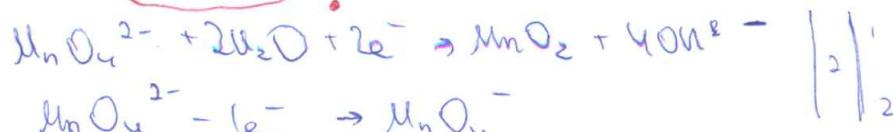
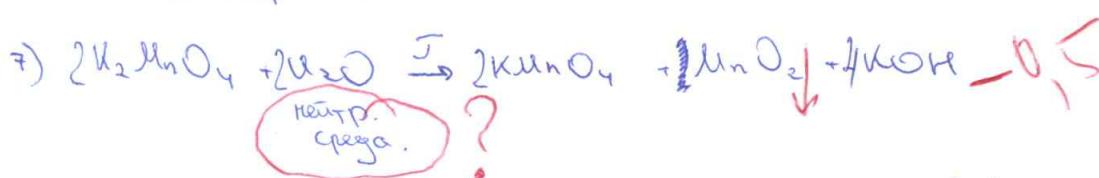
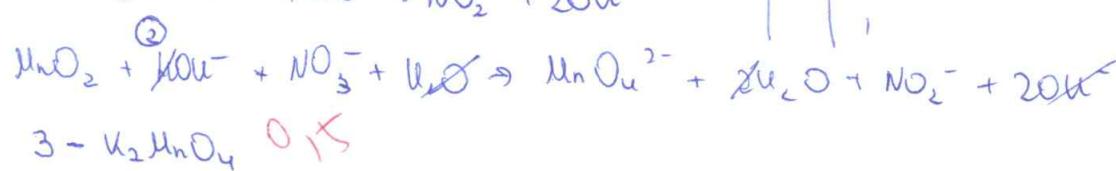
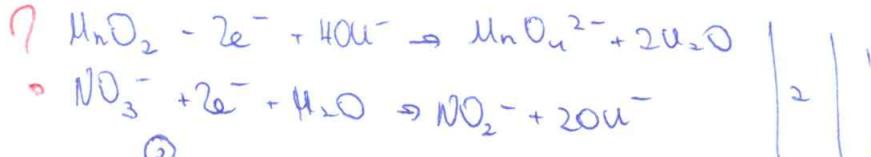
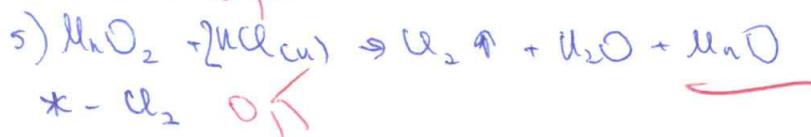
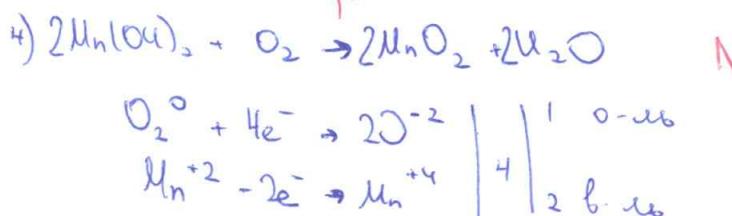
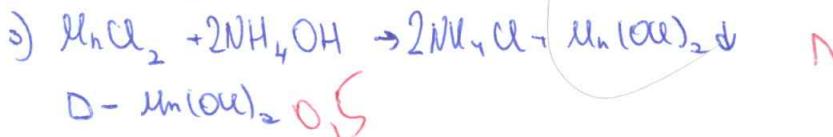
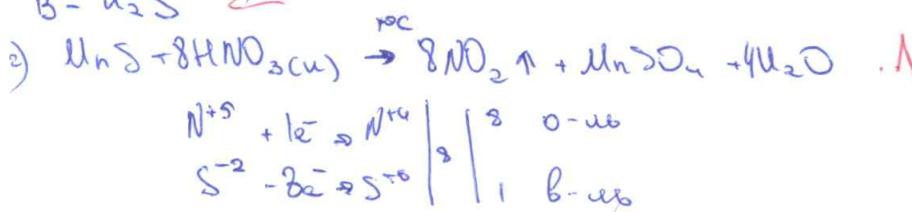
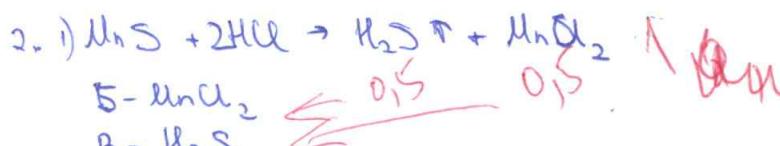
10-1.

Числовой 1

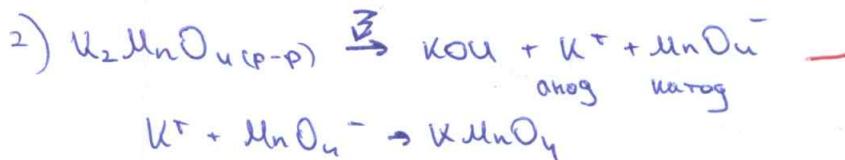
1. Т.к. бурение $\text{U}_2\text{S} \Rightarrow$ Бинарное соединение с S_2 ,

$$\omega(\text{S}) = 100\% - 63,15\% = 36,85\%$$

$$\mu(\text{A}) = \frac{32,066 \frac{2}{\text{моль}}}{0,3685} = 37,02 \frac{2}{\text{моль}} \Rightarrow \mu(\text{U}) = 37,02 - 32,066 = 55 \frac{2}{\text{моль}} \Rightarrow \text{U} \in \text{II}_{\text{n}}$$

Минерал(A)- U_2S ; Металл- U U- KMnO_4 ↗

3. 9) $\text{NaOH} + \text{U}_2\text{S} \rightarrow \text{Na}_2\text{S} + \text{H}_2\text{U}$ О⁵
 5) $2\text{NaOH} + 2\text{NO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{точка}} 2\text{NaNO}_3 + \underline{\text{H}_2}$
 3) $2\text{NaOH} + 2\text{NO}_2 \xrightarrow[\text{P}]{\text{точка}} \text{NaNO}_2 + \text{NaNO}_3 + \underline{\text{H}_2}$
 4) $\text{NaOH} + \text{U}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{точка}} \text{NaCl} + \underline{\text{H}_2\text{O}}$
 5) $2\text{NaOH} + 2\text{U}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{точка}} 2\text{NaU} + 2\text{H}_2\text{U} + \text{O}_2$



10-2. Т.к. элемент X имеет сб.-ба напоминающие сб.-ба S₂
 => элемент X может быть группе с S₂; это тоже не O₂, т.к.
 и O₂ это самое опасное вещество сб.-ба, чем у S₂; значит
 элемент X = Se. О⁵

A - Se О⁵

B б-Бе I: $w(\text{Se}) = 33,52\%$ $\rightarrow M(I) = \frac{78,96 \frac{\text{моль}}{\text{масса}}}{0,3352} \approx 205 \frac{\text{г}}{\text{моль}}$

I - Na₂SeSO₃ О⁵

Т.к. Cu⁺ является гибридом, а Se не сб.-ба не имеет не S, то
 оно из них должна быть самая мала (H₂SO₄), а оно не
 недостаточна мала (H₂SeO₃): ~~если же это не так, то~~

~~$C = \frac{n}{V}; C = \frac{m}{M \cdot V}; C = \frac{\rho}{M}; \rho = \frac{m}{V}$~~

~~$n(\text{NaOH}) = 19,7 \text{млн} \cdot 0,07 = 1,379; \frac{C}{1} + \frac{\text{NaOH}}{1} \rightarrow \text{NaCl} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$~~

~~$n(C) = n(\text{NaOH}) = 1,379 \text{моль}$~~

~~$C(C) = 0,06395 \text{М}$~~

~~$C(C) = \frac{1}{M \cdot 20}; 0,06395 = \frac{1}{M \cdot 20}; M \cdot 20 = 14,7 \text{моль}; \text{т.к. можно}$~~

~~$M \cdot 20 = 14,7$~~

~~$200 \text{млн} \cdot 20 = \frac{20}{200} =$~~

~~$M = 14,7 - M(\text{H}_2\text{SeO}_3) \Rightarrow E = \text{H}_2\text{SeO}_3$~~

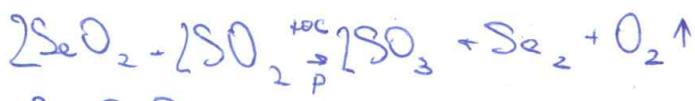
~~$0,1 - V_{\text{объем}}$~~

1. X = Se₂

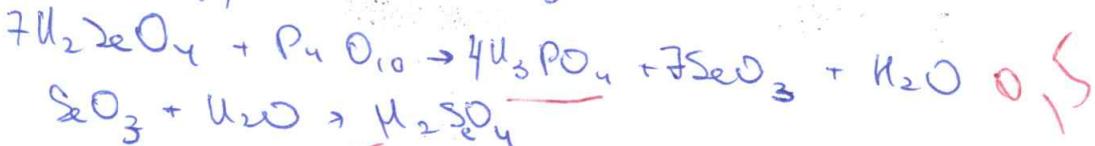
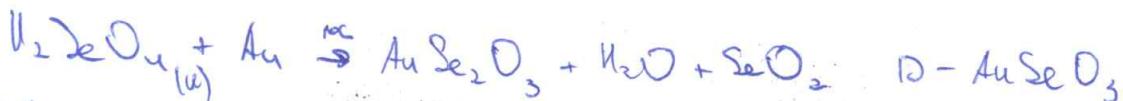
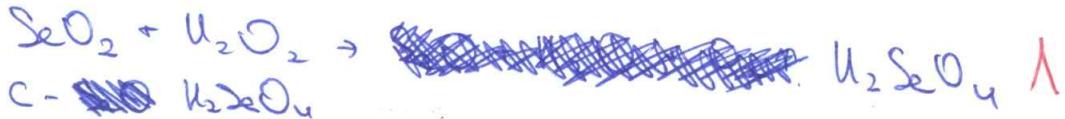
A - Se₂,



Часть 2



B - SeO_2



F - SeO_3 OJS



E - U_2SeO_5



$$M(\text{SeO}_2) = 111 \frac{2}{\text{моль}}$$

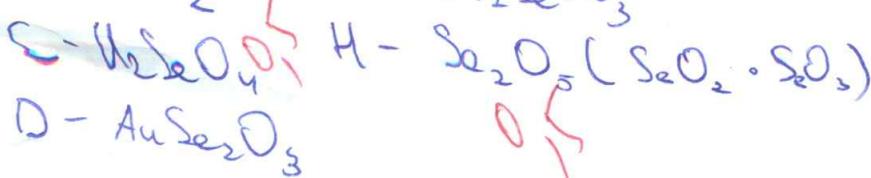
$$M(\text{SO}) = 111 - 16 = 95 \frac{2}{\text{моль}}$$

$$111 \frac{2}{\text{моль}} \cdot 0,1442 \approx 16 \frac{2}{\text{моль}} \Rightarrow 2\text{SeO}_2 \xrightarrow[\text{P}]{\text{热}} 2\text{SO} + \text{O}_2$$

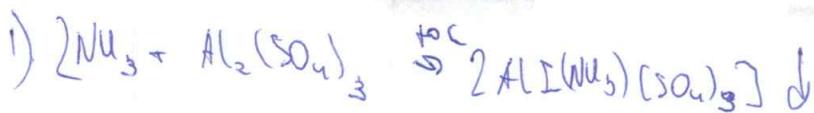
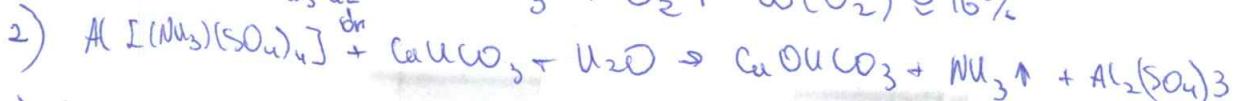
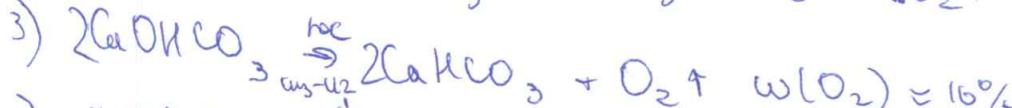
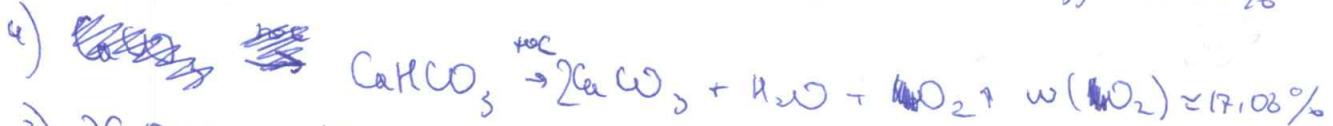
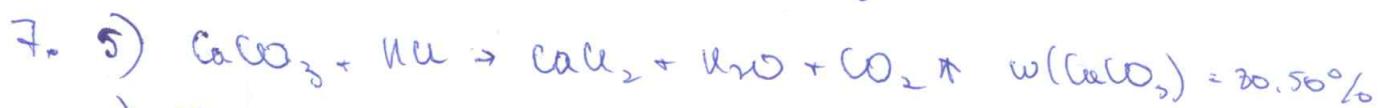
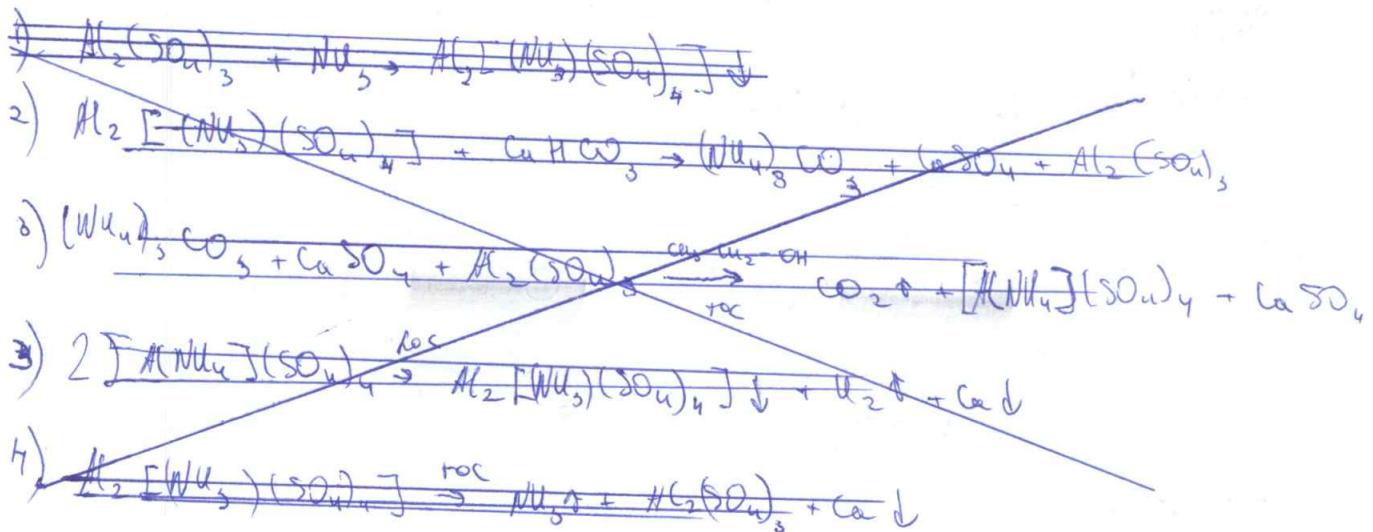
$$M(\text{AuSe}_2\text{O}_3) = 403 \frac{2}{\text{моль}}$$

$$w(\text{Au}) = 49,81\%, 27\text{g.}$$

$$\frac{\text{SeO}_2}{\text{SeO}_3} = \frac{1}{1,1442} 27\text{g.}$$



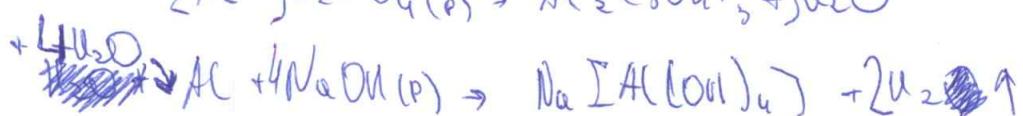
10-3. Т.к. неизвестные в ракетостроении \Rightarrow они могут быть одинаковой величиной, из-за чего уравнение в коррекции $\Rightarrow X - AL \rightarrow Y - Be$



1. $X - Al$

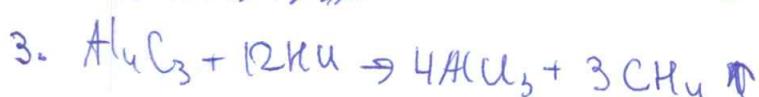
$Y - Be$

Be!



1)

2) ~~excess~~



4. -

5. ~~Aerogel~~

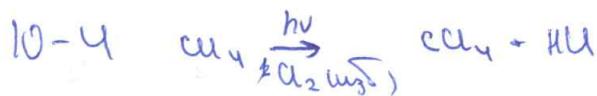
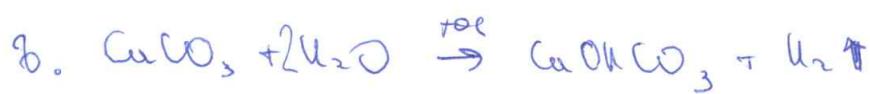


некоторые -

E - CaCO_3

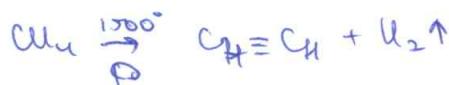
D - H_2O

F - $\text{CO}_2 \downarrow$

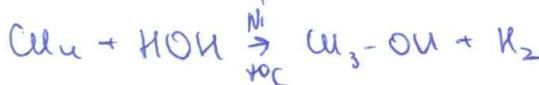


$$\omega(C) = 0,073 \Rightarrow M(1) = \frac{12}{0,073} = 15,2 \text{ мол}$$

I - $\text{C}_2\text{H}_4 \downarrow$



F - $\text{C}_2\text{H} \equiv \text{C}_2\text{H} \downarrow$

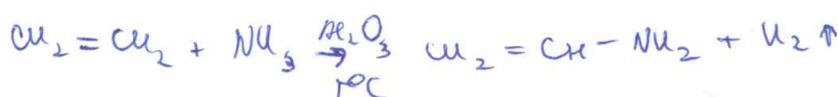


A - $\text{CH}_3\text{O} \quad \text{—}$

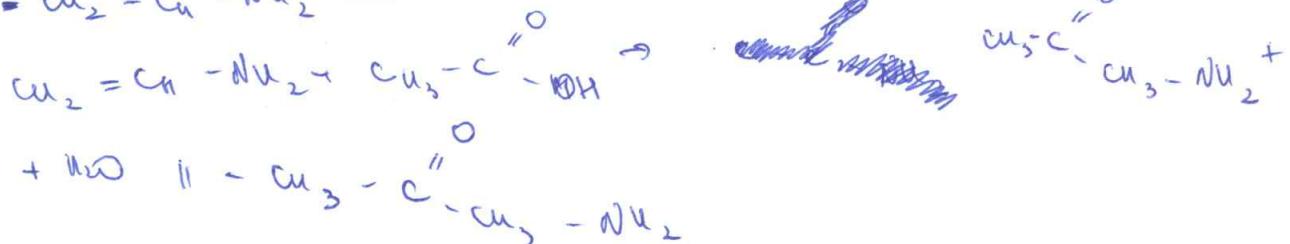
B - $\text{H}_2 \downarrow$



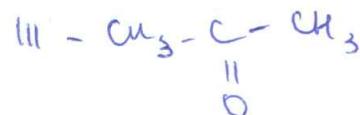
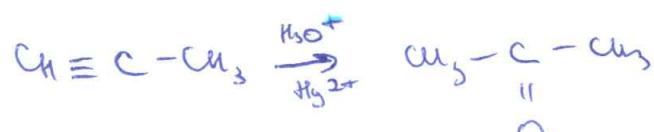
C - $\text{CH}_2 = \text{CH}_2 \quad \text{—}$

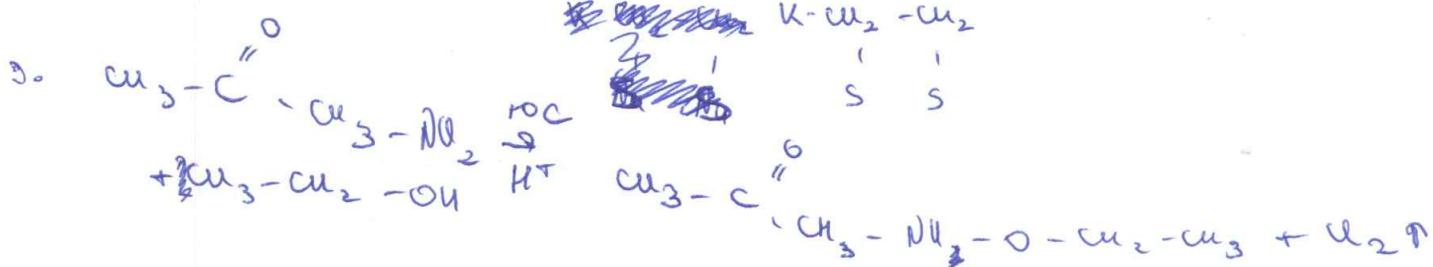
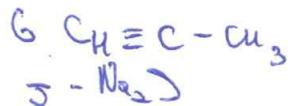
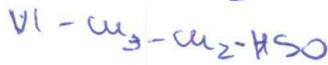
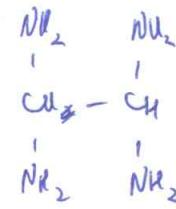
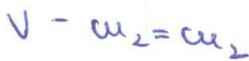
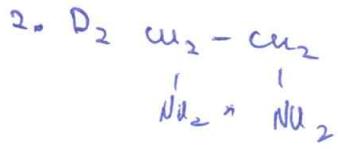
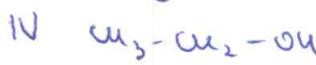
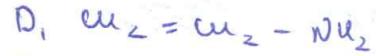
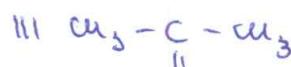
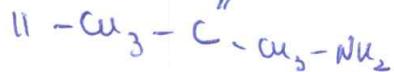
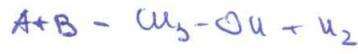
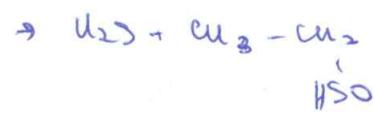
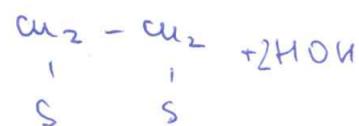
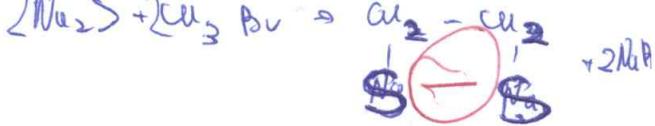
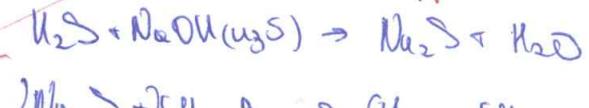
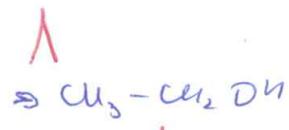
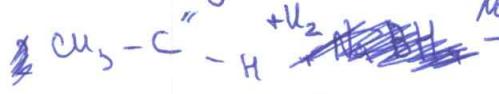
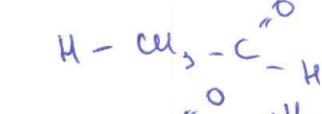
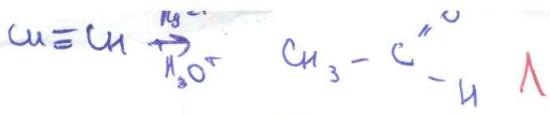


D₁ - $\text{CH}_2 = \text{CH}-\text{NH}_2 \quad \text{—}$



G - $\text{CH}_2 = \text{C}-\text{Cu}_3 \downarrow$





$$10-5. 1. P_1^* = 360 \text{ Torr}$$

$$P_2 = 345 \text{ Torr}$$

$$n_1(S_2) = \frac{60,1 \text{ mol}}{76,1 \text{ mol}} = 0,8 \text{ mol}$$

$$P_1 = 324 \text{ Torr}$$

$$\frac{P_1}{P_1^*} = \frac{P_2}{P_2^*} \Rightarrow \frac{324}{360} = \frac{345}{P_2^*}; P_2^* = 383,3 \text{ Torr}$$

$$383,3 = n \cdot 345$$

$$n = \frac{383,3}{345}; n = 1,11 \text{ mol}$$

$$\mu = \frac{m}{n} \quad \mu = \frac{9.60}{11} \approx g_{\text{Be}}^{\frac{1}{2}} \Rightarrow \text{Be}$$

Изотопиум - 4

Ост.: Be

$$2. \quad w_1(\text{L-G}) = 0.2 \quad P_1^* = 714.3$$
$$w_2(\text{L-G}) = 0.2 \quad P_2^* = 1191.2$$

$$P = x P^*$$

a) $P_1 = 142.96 \text{ Topp}$ } при $w=0.4$, геометрическое значение f_w в w б
+ $P_2 = 233.2 \text{ Topp}$

б) $p - pe$ 0.3 где $x = 0.5$ $p - p$ заменен в атмос.
условии.

~~3. 6) 1. 2.~~

